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"An Evaluation of the Predictive Validity of Admission Criteria for Teacher Training in Ethiopia"

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## ABSTRACT

The purpose of this study was to examine the extent to which admission criteria for Teacher Training Institutions (TTI) in Ethiopia (i.e., ESLCE GPA, Community Participation score, Interview score, and Teaching experience Score) are predictive of success in TTI academic performance independently of each other as well as independently of sex, year of completion of secondary education and field attended in the high school.

To do this seven clusters of GPAs were used as validation criteria. Such clusters of GPAs were overall GPA in training courses, and GPA on language courses, natural science courses, social science courses, vocational courses, aesthetic courses and professional courses.

The sample for the study consisted of 188 trainees admitted into Dessie, Robe and Nekempte TTI's from 1987 to 1989. The independent contribution of each predictor variable was analyzed using the stepwise regression model and Horst and Smith's 1950 - iterative approach to regression analysis.

Results of the analysis indicated that community participation is a strong predictor of GPA on almost all training courses but with a negative weight. Teaching experience on the other hand was not found to affect GPA variance in training courses. There are some indications that interview is a strong predictor of GPA in some fields of study (professional courses and natural Science courses). ESLCE GPA was found to be a strong predictor of almost four of the validation criteria in the positive direction. Sex and year of completion of secondary school as compared to high school field of study were also found to strongly affect performance in training courses. Suggestions were given as to how these admission criteria should possibly be used in the future. The need for additional admission criteria as well as further research in the area were also suggested.